

Prime Exposure Pty Ltd Product: Prime Retarder

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SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

SUPPLIER: Prime Exposure Pty Ltd

ABN: 74 495 383 883

PHYSICAL ADDRESS: 8-10 Wadhurst Drive, Boronia, VIC 3155, Australia. **POSTAL ADDRESS:** PO Box 5109, Brandon Park, VIC 3150, Australia.

TELEPHONE: (03) 9800 0431.

AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 13 1126 (Poisons Information Centre).

WEB PAGE: www.primeexposure.com.au

Product name: Prime Retarder. **Proper shipping name or technical** Not applicable.

name:

Product use: Water based chemical retarder used to expose the aggregate in horizontal/

vertical concrete surfaces.

Manufacturer's product code: Not applicable. Creation date: 1 July 2024.

Revision date: Before 30 June 2029.

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as a **NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL** in accordance with the WHS and as **NON-HAZARDOUS** in accordance with the GHS, and as **NON-DANGEROUS GOODS** according to the ADG Code.

CLASSIFICATION:

Hazardous classes & categories:Hazard classesHazard categoryPhysical:Not applicable.Not applicable.Health:Not applicable.Not applicable.Environmental:Not applicable.Not applicable.

LABEL ELEMENTS:

Signal word:Not applicable.Hazard statements:Not applicable.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:Not applicable.Response:Not applicable.Storage:Not applicable.DisposalNot applicable.

General: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Pictogram(s):

Not applicable.

Pictogram(s) description: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result Not applicable.

in classification:

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
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Ingredients: CAS Number: Proportion:

Non-hazardous ingredients (including water)

Not available

100 % w/w

Total 100 % w/w



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SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

General information: Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. In case of

unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of

doubt seek medical advice.

Scheduled poisons: Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city can provide

additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 13 1126) or a

doctor (at once).

First aid facilities required: Eye wash fountains and a general washing facility should be easily

accessible in the immediate work area.

Necessary first aid measures:

Inhalation: If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist

get medical attention.

Skin contact: If skin contact occurs: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water

while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention.

Eye contact: If in eyes: Hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running

water. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at

least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion (swallowed): If ingested: Rinse mouth out with water (only if the person is conscious).

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get

medical attention.

Symptoms caused by exposure:

Inhalation: Inhalation is not expected to provoke symptoms.

Skin contact: Not expected to cause skin irritation. However, contact with skin may

result in irritation (redness).

Eye contact: Not expected to cause eye irritation. However, eye contact may provoke

the following symptoms: Tearing; Redness; Discomfort.

Ingestion (swallowed): Swallowing may result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the

gastrointestinal tract.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the

recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for

exposure exists (see section 8).

Advice to doctor: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. Poisons Information Centre in

each Australian State capital city can provide additional assistance for

scheduled poisons.



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SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO₂), fine water spray. Cool containers/

tanks with water spray.

Not applicable.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Specific hazards arising from the

chemical:

Special protective equipment and

precautions for fire fighting:

Do not breathe fumes/vapour/spray. Exposure to combustion products

may be a hazard to health.

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire-resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area. Do not allow run-off from

fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Fire residues and

contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. If safe to do so, remove container(s) from the path of the fire if it can be done without risk. Do not scatter spilled material

with high-pressure water streams. Dyke for later disposal. Use extinguishing agents for surrounding fire.

Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Flammability: Product is not classified as combustible liquid. Incomplete combustion and

thermolysis may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), and other toxic gases. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined

spaces or at high concentration.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

procedures:

Hazchem code:

ANZERGB:

Flash point:

General information: Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always

be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations. Evacuate non-essential personnel. For personal protection see section 8. Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapours. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after

exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.

Advice for non-emergency

personnel:

Do not touch or walk through spilled material, product may represent slip

hazard. For personal protection see section 8.



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SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Advice for emergency responders: Take all appropriate steps to avoid slip hazards to the rescuers. In case of

spillages:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. dry sand or earth). For large

Methods and materials for Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. dry sand or earth). For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material

in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. The waste material can be disposed of by incineration (preferably high temperature) by an approved agent

according to local conditions.

Reference to other sections: See Section 7 for information on safe handling; See Section 8 for

information on personal protection equipment; See Section 13 for

information on disposal.

Other information: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios

for this material. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be

taken.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapours. Do not

swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Use only with sufficient ventilation. Respiratory protection is necessary where aerosol or mist formation

occurs. Refer to Section 8.

Technical measures: See Engineering measures and put on appropriate personal protective

equipment, where required (see Section 8).

Prevention of fire and explosion: Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.



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SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE (CONTINUED)

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing

systems and safety showers close to the working place. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash contaminated clothing

before re-use. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Technical measures/storage

conditions:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in properly labelled original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for

use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use

appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Not applicable.

Packaging material: Glass lining, PVC, polypropylene, glass reinforced plastic or polyethylene

containers.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control measures:

Exposure standards time-weighted Workplace Exp

average (TWA):

Materials to avoid:

Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants (as published by

Safework Australia):

Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product. TWA for Triethanolamine is 5 mg/m³ (Safework Australia).

Exposure standards short term

exposure limit (STEL):

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.

Exposure standards comment: These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of

occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations

of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Exposure standards notice:

Not applicable.

Biological monitoring: Biological Exposure Determinants: None established for product.



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SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION (CONTINUED)

Engineering controls: Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section 10). Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimise workplace exposure concentrations. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or

statutory limits.

Individual protection measures:

General protective & hygiene

measures:

Skin protection:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks

and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Eye and face protection: The use of face shields, chemical goggles, or safety glasses with side shield

protection (meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1337) is recommended. Chemical resistant impervious gloves (e.g. Butyl rubber, Neoprene gloves

complying with AS/NZS 2161) are recommended. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Gloves should be removed and replaced immediately if there is any indication of degradation. Rinse and remove gloves immediately after use. Wash hands with soap and water. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.

Suitable protective clothing complying with AS/NZS 4501, suitable

footwear complying with AS/NZS 2210 are recommended.

Respiratory protective equipment: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or if exposure

standards are exceeded then use a full face air purifying respirator with A

Filter meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear fluorescent green liquid.

Odour:
Odourless.
Odour Threshold:
PH:
Ca. 8 – 8.5.
Melting point / freezing point:
Not available.
Not available.
Ca. 100 °C.

boiling range:

Clothing:

Flash Point:

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid/gas):

Lower & upper explosion limit /

Not applicable.

Not available.

Not applicable.

flammability limit:

Vapour pressure:Not available.Vapour density:> 1 (air = 1).Relative density:Ca. 1.04.

Solubility: Miscible with water. **Partition coefficient: n-** Not available.

octanol/water (log value):



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SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Low.

Specific heat value:Not available.Saturated vapour concentration:Not available.Release of invisible flammableNot applicable.

vapours and gases:

Particle size:

Size distribution:

Shape and aspect ratio:

Crystallinity:

Dustiness:

Surface area:

Degree of aggregation or

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

agglomeration, and dispersibility:

Redox potential:

Biodurability or biopersistence:

Surface coating or chemistry:

Not available.

Not applicable.

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Product is not expected to be chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions at normal temperatures

and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

Conditions to avoid: Do not expose to extreme temperatures.

Incompatible materials: Not applicable.

Hazardous decomposition products: None under normal use. Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may

produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), and other toxic gases. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high

concentration.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity data (oral):

Acute toxicity data (dermal):

Acute toxicity data (dermal):

Acute toxicity data (inhalation):

Skin corrosion irritation:

Eye damage/irritation:

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation:

No data for product. Product is not classified as Acute Toxicity – dermal.

No data for product. Product is not classified as Acute Toxicity – inhalation.

No data for product. Product is not classified as Skin corrosion/irritation.

No data for product. Product is not classified as Eye damage/irritation.

No data for product. Product is not classified as Resiratory sensitiser or

Skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data for product. Product is not classified under Germ cell

mutagenicity.

Carcinogenicity: No data for product. Product is not classified under Carcinogenicity.

Reproductive toxicity: No data for product. Product is not classified as Toxic to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) No data for product. Product is not classified under Specific target organ

- single exposure: toxicity (single exposure).



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SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) No data for product. Product is not classified under Specific target organ

– repeated exposure: toxicity (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard: No data for product. Product is not classified as Aspiration hazard.

Information on Possible Routes of

Exposure: Eyes, skin, mouth.

Inhalation: Inhalation is not expected to provoke symptoms.

Skin contact: Not expected to cause skin irritation. However, contact with skin may

result in irritation (redness).

Eye contact: Not expected to cause eye irritation. However, eye contact may provoke

the following symptoms: Tearing; Redness; Discomfort.

Ingestion (swallowed): Swallowing may result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the

gastrointestinal tract.

Other health effects: Not applicable.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: This product is not classified as Harmful to aquatic life (according to GHS)

and is not classified as Environmentally hazardous substance (according to

the ADG Code).

Fish toxicity: No data for product.
Invertebrates toxicity: No data for product.
Algae toxicity: No data for product.
Toxicity to microorganisms: No data for product.

Information about elimination Product is expected to be readily biodegradable.

(persistence & degradability):

Bioaccumulative potential: Product is not believed to represent bioaccumulative potential.

Mobility in soil: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product may be mobile

in the ground. The product is miscible with water and may contaminate

ground water.

Other adverse effects: No information available.

General: DO NOT DISCHARGE INTO DRAINS, WATERWAYS, SEWER OR

ENVIRONMENT. Product is miscible with water. Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or

sewage system. Inform local authorities if this occurs.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

Product: Should not be released into the environment. Recommended to be handed

over to hazardous waste disposers or licensed chemical waste collection agent and adhering to the applicable relevant Commonwealth, state,

territory and local government regulations.

Uncleaned packaging: Empty containers may contain residues of product. Empty containers

should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Other information: Refer to section 8 for safety and protective measures for disposal

personnel.



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SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road & rail transport: This product is classified as NON-DANGEROUS GOODS, according to the

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

(ADG Code).

Not applicable. **UN** number: Proper shipping name or technical

name:

Not applicable.

ADG transport hazard class: Not applicable. Not applicable. Packing group: Hazchem code: Not applicable. ANZERGB: Not applicable.

Marine transport: This product is classified as NON-DANGEROUS GOODS, and is classified as a

NON-MARINE POLLUTANT by the criteria of the International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN number: Proper shipping name or technical

name:

Not applicable. Not applicable.

IMDG hazard class: Not applicable. Packing group: Not applicable.

This product is classified as NON-DANGEROUS GOODS, by the criteria of Air transport:

the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods

Regulations for transport by air.

UN number: Proper shipping name or technical

name:

Not applicable. Not applicable.

IATA hazard class: Not applicable. Packing group: Not applicable.

Hazard class label: Not applicable.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Compliance with international

agreements:

Basel Convention: This product is not subject to the Basel Convention (Hazardous waste).

MARPOL: This product is not subject to the International Convention for the

Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL).

Montreal Protocol: This product is not subject to the Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting

substances).

The Rotterdam Convention: This product is not subject to the Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed

Consent).

The Stockholm Convention: This product is not subject to the Stockholm Convention (Persistent

Organic Pollutants).

Australian Standards: Australian Standard AS 1337.0:2020, Personal protective equipment, Part

0: Eye and face protection - Vocabulary, Standards Australia International

Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2020.



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SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337.1:2020, Personal eye protection, Part 1: Eye and face protectors for occupational applications, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2020.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1715:2009, Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2009. Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716:2012, Respiratory protective devices, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2012.

Australian Standard AS 1940:2017, The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2017.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161:2016, Occupational protective gloves – Selection, use and maintenance, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2016. Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.1:2016, Occupational protective gloves. Part 1: Selection, use and maintenance, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2016.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.2:2020, Occupational protective gloves, Part 2: General requirements and test methods (ISO 21420:2020, MOD), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2020.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.3:2020, Occupational protective gloves, Part 3: Protection against mechanical risks, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2020.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.4:1999, Occupational protective gloves, Part 4: Protection against thermal risks (heat and fire) (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1999.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.6:2014, Occupational protective gloves, Part 6: Protective gloves for structural firefighting - Laboratory test methods and performance requirements, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2014.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.7.1:1998, Occupational protective gloves, Part 7.1: Protection against cuts and stabs by hand knives - Chainmail gloves and arm guards (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1998.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.7.2:2005, Occupational protective gloves, Part 7.2: Protection against cuts and stabs by hand knives - Gloves and arm guards made of material other than chainmail (Reconfirmed 2017), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2005.



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SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.7.3:2005, Occupational protective gloves, Part 7.3: Protection against cuts and stabs by hand knives - Impact cut test for fabric, leather and other materials, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2005.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.8:2002, Occupational protective gloves, Part 8: Protection against ionizing radiation and radioactive contamination, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2002.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.10.1:2005, Occupational protective gloves, Part 10.1: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms - Terminology and performance requirements (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2005.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.10.2:2005, Occupational protective gloves, Part 10.2: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms - Determination of resistance to penetration, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2005.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.10.3:2005, Occupational protective gloves, Part 10.3: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms - Determination of resistance to permeation by chemicals (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2005.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2210.1:2010, Safety, protective and occupational footwear, Part 1: Guide to selection, care and use, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2010;

Australian Zealand Standard AS 2210.2:2019, Personal protective equipment, Method 2: Test methods for footwear (ISO 20344:2011, MOD), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2019.

Australian Standard AS 2210.3:2019, Personal protective equipment, Part 3: Safety footwear (ISO 20345:2011, MOD), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2019. Australian Standard AS 2210.5:2019, Personal protective equipment, Part 5: Occupational footwear (ISO 20347:2012, MOD), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2019. Australian Standard AS 3780:2023, The storage and handling of corrosive substances, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2023.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 3833:2007, The storage and handling of mixed classes of dangerous goods, in packages and intermediate bulk containers, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2007.

Australian Standard AS 4326:2008, The storage and handling of oxidizing agents, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2008.



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SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Australian Standard AS 4332:2004, The storage and handling of gases in cylinders (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2004.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4452:1997, The storage and handling of toxic substances, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501.1:2008, Occupational protective clothing, Part 1: Guidelines on the selection, use, care and maintenance of protective clothing (Reconfirmed 2020), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2008.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501.2:2006, Occupational protective clothing, Part 2: General requirements), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2006. Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.1:2006, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 1: Evaluation of thermal behaviour of materials and material assemblies when exposed to a source of radiant heat, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2006.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.2:1997, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 2: Evaluation of heat transmission of materials and material assemblies when exposed to flame, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.3:1997, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 3: Evaluation of the behaviour of materials and material assemblies when exposed to small splashes of molten metal, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian Standard AS 4332:2004, The storage and handling of gases in cylinders (Reconfirmed 2016), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2004.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4452:1997, The storage and handling of toxic substances, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501.1:2008, Occupational protective clothing, Part 1: Guidelines on the selection, use, care and maintenance of protective clothing (Reconfirmed 2020), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2008.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501.2:2006, Occupational protective clothing, Part 2: General requirements), Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2006. Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.1:2006, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 1: Evaluation of thermal behaviour of materials and material assemblies when exposed to a source of radiant heat, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2006.



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Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.2:1997, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 2: Evaluation of heat transmission of materials and material assemblies when exposed to flame, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4502.3:1997, Methods for evaluating clothing for protection against heat and fire, Part 3: Evaluation of the behaviour of materials and material assemblies when exposed to small splashes of molten metal, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 1997.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4681:2000, The storage and handling of class 9 (miscellaneous) dangerous goods and articles, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2000.

Australian Standard AS 4775:2007, Emergency eyewash and shower equipment, Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 476, Sydney,

NSW 2001, Australia, 2007.

Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 5026:2012, The storage and handling of Class 4 dangerous goods, Standards Australia International Ltd,

GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia, 2012.

ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail,

7.8th Edition, The National Transport Commission, Melbourne, Australia,

December 2022.

AICIS: All ingredients present on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

(AIIC).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals

(GHS), 7th Revised edition, United Nations, New York, USA and Geneva,

Switzerland, 2017.

SUSMP: No Schedule Number allocated against the Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons, June 2024 Instrument 2024, Therapeutic Goods Administration, Woden, Australia, 28 May 2024.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Acronyms and Comments:

ACGIH: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.

ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

ANZERGB: Australian & New Zealand Emergency Response Guide Book (2021). This

guidebook is published by the Competent Authorities Panel (CAP), a

national body comprising state and territory Competent Authorities for the

transport of dangerous goods by road and rail in Australia. Further information is available at https://www.ntc.gov.au/codes-and-

guidelines/australian-dangerous-goods-code

AICIS: Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme which replaced

National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme

(NICNAS.

AS: Standards issued by Standards Australia, GPO Box 476, Sydney NSW 2001,

Australia.



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Standards issued by Standards Australia, GPO Box 476, Sydney NSW 2001, AS/NZ:

Australia and Standards New Zealand, Private Bag 2439 Wellington 6140,

New Zealand.

Basel Convention: The Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of

Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal.

BEI: Biological Exposure Indices published by the American Conference of

Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), 1330 Kemper Meadow Drive,

Cincinnati, OH 45240-4148, USA.

CAS number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, a

globally harmonised system for classification and labelling of chemicals

proposed by the United Nations.

An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information Hazchem:

to emergency services.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code for transport by sea. LC/LD: The median lethal dose, LD₅₀ (abbreviation for "lethal dose, 50%"), LC₅₀

(lethal concentration, 50%) is the dose required to kill half the members of a tested population after a specified test duration. LD₅₀ figures are

frequently used as a general indicator of a substance's acute toxicity.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer, as **Montreal Protocol:**

adjusted and/or amended.

National Toxicology Program (USA Department of Health and Human NTP:

Services).

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA). PE/EVAL/PE Polyethylene/Ethylene-vinyl alcohol or EVOH/Polyethylene.

PPE: Personal Protective Equipment.

Rotterdam Convention: The Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for

Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade.

Safe Work Australia: Safe Work Australia was formerly the Australian Safety and Compensation

Council, which included the National Occupational Health and Safety

Commission (NOHSC).

SDS: Safety Data Sheet.

STEL: Exposure standard - short term exposure limit, a 15-minute TWA exposure

> which should not be exceeded at any time during a working day even if the eight-hour TWA average is within the TWA exposure standard. Exposures at the STEL should not be longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than four times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor

cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Stockholm Convention: The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants. SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

TDL₀: Total Dose Low means the smallest deadly dose, which caused a toxic or

other harmful effect after application on humans or animal.

TWA: Exposure standard - time-weighted average, the average airborne

concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal

eight hour working day, for a five-day working week.



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UN number: United Nations Number.

WHS: Model work health and safety legislation introduced by the Australian

government which consists of an integrated package of a model Work Health and Safety (WHS) Act, supported by model Work Health and Safety (WHS) Regulations, model Codes of Practice and a National Compliance and Enforcement Policy. The WHS Regulations implement a new system of chemical hazard classification, labelling and safety data sheet requirements

based on the GHS.

Issue date:1 July 2024.Supersedes issue date:July 2020.

Revision information: New issue in Safe Work Australia format.

Contact point: Regulatory Affairs Manager.

Telephone: (03) 9800 0431.

Note: Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a

current copy.

Disclaimer: This SDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health

and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since Prime Exposure Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. This SDS does not represent a guarantee for the properties of the product(s) described in terms of the legal warranty regulations. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate

assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.